

Duplicate

SUCCESS OFTEN COSTS MORE THAN IT IS WORTH.—E. Wigglesworth

# The BETHEL OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN

Volume LII—Number 2

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BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, JANUARY 10, 1946

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**BUSY WEEK AHEAD FOR GOULD TEAMS**

Gould Academy's basketballers are to have a three weeks vacation under the 1946 Agricultural Conservation Program in choosing the head. On Monday the Junior Varsity goes to Bryant Pond to practice what they want to carry out on their farms. J. Carleton Conant, Chairman of the ACP County Committee, said today.

Fryeburg Academy meets Gould at Bethel on Wednesday afternoon at 3:00 o'clock. The J.V. teams will meet in the preliminary with the Varsity five opening at 4 o'clock, and local committeemen to get all the conservation they can for the money they have available.

This year, program materials and funds have been allocated to counties, and it will be up to farmers to carry out practices under the 1946 ACP Program. About \$63,800 will be expended to assist county farmers under the 1946 program.

**4-H BABY BEEF**

With Fryeburg Fair in mind for another fall several boys and girls from Oxford County have enrolled in the 4-H Baby Beef project.

Paul Wadsworth of Hiram will have charge of the beef at the Fryeburg Fair next fall. In the meantime, plans are being made to hold meetings for Baby Beef members in this section of the State.

Those enrolled in Oxford County are Charles Dunn, Brownfield; Edwin Bumpus, Albany; Albert Smith, Bethel; Charles and Lester Hammond, Hiram; and Nancy Benson, West Paris.

Boys and girls interested in the 4-H Baby Beef project should contact Catherine Powers, County Club Agent, South Paris Maine.

**YEAR ROUND CLUB NOTES TOWN'S NEED**

Bethel, Maine  
January 8, 1946  
The First Selectman  
Town of Bethel  
Dear Sir:

We, the members of the Year Round Club, consisting of the young people of Bethel, would like to publicly declare our disapproval of the acts of some citizens who throw their garbage over the Mayville Bridge. This is a very unsanitary practice in our estimation.

Furthermore, we would like to express our dissatisfaction with the location of the new disposal lot on the road to Locke Mills and across the railroad tracks. This seems a very inappropriate place for such a lot. It is a blotch on the picture of our town as seen from the main entrance to our village.

It would be our suggestion that a man be secured to collect the garbage of the town at regular intervals. He would be paid by the town, or by individual citizens whom he would serve. We also suggest that a committee of well-wishing citizens be established to look into the general subject of garbage disposal.

Respectfully yours,  
**THE YEAR ROUND CLUB**  
President, Theodore P. Emery Jr.  
Secretary, Virginia A. Potter

**BIRTHDAY PARTY**

Mrs Beat Brown Chapman St. guest at a party in honor of her birthday at her home on Chapman St. last Saturday evening. The event was planned by her children. Those present were Mrs. Eunice Charlton, Mr. and Mrs. Eunice York and John of East Kingston, N.H.; Margaret MacLaughlin, Newayport, Mass., Mr. and Mrs. Richard Brown, Sally Martha and Dixie, Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Brown, Linda Brown, Mrs. Cora Chapman, Mrs. Wm Von Zentz, Mr. and Mrs. Gary York, Sharon Ann, Mrs. Bert Grover, Carla, Gilbert Brown and Mr. Bert Brown. A beautiful birthday cake with ten candles was a special feature of the party as was also the singing of "Happy Birthday" by the small grandchildren.

**PARENT TEACHER MEETING MONDAY EVENING, JAN 14**

The regular meeting of the Bethel Parent Teacher Association will be held at the grammar school on Monday evening, Jan. 14 at eight o'clock.

Mrs. Long Bull, of Augusta, state supervisor for Elementary Education, will be the guest speaker. It is hoped that a large number of parents and citizens will be present to hear Miss Bull who will speak on new trends in Elementary Education.

The program will include musical numbers.

Alice Bennett and Ida Clough returned to their College at Troy, N.Y. after a three weeks vacation at their homes.

E. A. Van D. Pratt and William Chapman attended a Lions Club meeting at Lewiston Tuesday evening.

Edwood Ireland, Dick Ireland, Jerry Davis and Eddie Duran spent the day shopping at Unikum, N.Y.

Alice Bennett and Ida Clough returned to their College at Troy, N.Y. after a three weeks vacation at their homes.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester French and Mrs. Fannie Bartlett of Norway were guests of Mrs. Frank Bartlett Sunday. Mrs. Bartlett was 97 years old December 31st.

Mrs. Elen Littlehale of Berlin, a former resident of Bethel, is a patient at the St. Louis hospital. Her result of a broken hip received in fall in her home last week.

With the promised enforcement of the Village Corporation parking rules, some people have hopes that there may be less speeding and reckless driving in the village streets.

The Misses Patela, Jacqueline, Arline and Blanche Merrill of Harrison have been guests recently of their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Merrill.

At the meeting of the Bethel Lions Club at Bethaven next Monday evening the program will be in charge of E. A. Van D. Pratt and Kimball Ames.

Eldredge Steele has returned to work for Dr. S. G. Greenleaf. He recently received his discharge after several years service in the Navy. He is boarding at P. O. Hinch's. His leaves will come to Bethel later.

**1946 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM****\$3,000 FIRE DAMAGE AT BRYANT POND SATURDAY**

Fires apparently caused by a defective neon sign, at the former Mark Allen store, now owned by Porter and Verna Swan, Upper Main Street, caused an estimated damage of \$3,000 late Saturday night.

The second story rent in the two and a half story building was badly damaged. Mr. and Mrs. Ralph King occupied this apartment. The store on the ground floor was damaged by water and the other three apartments were filled with smoke.

Other tenants are Mr. and Mrs. Donald Whitman and family, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Kennell and family, and Mrs. Kenneth Swan.

The fire department had the blaze under control in less than two hours. The damage is partially covered by insurance.

**PEASANT VALLEY GRANGE INSTALLATION**

Pleasant Valley Grange No 136 met at the Grange Hall on Tuesday evening for installation of officers.

District Deputy Ellis Davis of Franklin Grange acted as installing officer. He was assisted by Oliver Davis as Marshal, Miriam McAllister as regalia bearer and Lotty Brooks as Emblem bearer, all of Franklin Grange.

Ruth McKeen of West Paris was pianist and Doris Lord of Pleasant Valley Grange, soloist.

Officers installed were:

Master—Oliver Head  
Overseer—Bernard Rolfe  
Lecturer—Lillian Kneeland  
Steward—Wilbur Davis  
Assistant Steward—Herman Bennett

Chaplain—Ruth Gilbert  
Treasurer—Paul Head  
Secretary—Clare Smith  
Gate Keeper—Reginald Kneeland  
Ceres—Clara Rolfe  
Pomona—Ruby Rolfe  
Flora—Mary Richardson  
Lady Assistant Steward—Carla Bennett

Member of Executive Committee—Clarence Rolfe

Mrs. Doris Lord entertained at his home on Paradise Street after discharge from the Army at Fort Devens. She has been in the service since July 1944, and served in the Infantry in the ETO.

Pfc Ernest Averyne is at Fort Devens and is expected home Friday.

First Sergeant Alfred W. Taylor has received his honorable discharge from the Army. Mr. Taylor returned to the U.S. on Christmas day after spending 21 months in the European Theatre and was discharged on Dec. 23 at Fort Devens being inducted in June of 1943 and serving overseas in March of 1944 in the Infantry in the ETO.

Ernest Gallant, who was discharged from the Army last month, is visiting in town.

James Monahan has received his discharge and Mrs. Monahan has gone to Portland to meet him.

Paul Carter arrived at his home here Wednesday, having recently been discharged from the Army.

Word has been received that Cpl Lee Hutchins is on his way home from Manita.

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## WEEKLY NEWS ANALYSIS

**G. M. Resists Proposal to Base Wages Upon Profits; Big Three Agreements Set Unity Pattern**

(EDITOR'S NOTE: While opinions are expressed in these columns, they are those of the Western Newspaper Union, and not necessarily of this newspaper.)

**AMERICAN ECONOMY: New Pattern?**

Having previously sparred over wage questions, General Motors corporation and the CIO-Automobile Workers started swinging in earnest in their weeks-old battle, with G. M. declaring congress alone would have to decree its pay on its profit position rather than going rates, and the UAW vowing that it was prepared to fight through the winter for maintenance of wartime take-home earnings.

In explaining the company's position, G. M. Chairman Alfred P. Sloan and Pres. Charles E. Wilson asserted that acceptance of the principle that wages should be predicated upon ability to pay would result in regimentation of industry through the establishment of rates based upon government estimates of future costs, prices, prospective volume of business, investment factors and other expenses.

If the principle of ability to pay as laid down by President Truman's fact-finding board in the G.M.-UAW dispute were to be observed, the company bigwigs said, then a firm might well be penalized for its increased efficiency resulting in higher profits. Declaring that the issue was one of government regimentation threatening free enterprise, Sloan and Wilson said their

since V-E Day, the civilian production administration reported.

Until labor-management difficulties are resolved, however, full speed production cannot be achieved, CPA administrator John D. Small declared, since parts shortages caused by war stoppage may close industries remaining in operation.

In an effort to maintain the production rate and prevent the accumulation of vital materials in struck plants, the CPA ordered the suspension of deliveries to such establishments idled for 30 days. During the period, however, struck plants will be allowed to build up a 45-day stock to facilitate output when work is resumed.

Constituting the brightest part of the picture drawn by CPA is the volume production of steel, coal, men's clothing, farm machinery and tires, though output of the latter is expected to be insufficient to meet demands before next fall in face of huge pent-up demand of motorists.

On the other hand, less progress has been made in textiles, appliances and automobiles, where the protracted General Motors strike and work stoppages at supply plants pared production to \$1,000 to December 1, far below the year's goal. Off to a slow start anyway, the appliance industry also is threatened by a strike of the CIO electrical workers' demands for a \$2 a day pay raise.

Because of extremely favorable business prospects for the future, and the availability of investment funds partly built up through wartime accumulation, industry and commerce should find a ready capital market in expanding operations, CPA said.

**DIPLOMACY: Wait and See**

Back from Moscow after his eventful conference with Foreign Ministers Stalin of Britain and Molotov of Russia, Secretary of State Byrnes look up the judges in defense of the agreements reached in the Red capital in the interests of a working unity among the Big Three.

In explaining the results of the parley, Byrnes sought particularly to allay concern over the understandings on joint control of Japan and regulation of atomic energy. In both instances, he declared, adequate safeguards were provided to protect American interests while at the same time promoting the principle of international co-operation.

Though strong anxiety developed over the Moscow agreement for the creation of a far eastern commission to formulate Allied policy for Japan, and the additional organization of a council to help work out such policies, assurances of American veto power over unfavorable proposals and General MacArthur's public pronouncement to give the plan a trial led to adoption of a liberal wait-and-see attitude.

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Regarding the regulation of atomic energy, Byrnes was careful to point out that any plans laid at Moscow dealt with the broad question of control and not with details of the manufacture of the deadly bomb. Further, Byrnes declared that the two billion dollar secret would not be committed to any commission until adequate safeguards had been guaranteed to his command.

At the same time, Hirohito also shattered the Japanese notion of a square deal in the shaping of the European peace treaty was seen in Byrnes' declaration that this country would not tolerate any brushstrokes of recommendation for alteration of settlements drawn up by the U. S., Britain, Russia and France.

Further support for smaller nations was indicated in Byrnes' announcement of Russia's agreement to accept a U. S. and British proposal to broaden the base of the Romanian and Bulgarian governments and work for the establishment of free institutions in these Balkan

**HITLER:****Death Confirmed**

Uncovered in the suitcase of a Nazi official in the American zone, Adolf Hitler's last personal and political wills drawn up shortly before Russian capture of Berlin substantiated previous British reports of the suicide of the Fuehrer and his newly-wedded wife, Eva Braun, in the Reichs Chancellery bunker and the cremation of their bodies after death.

In a brief personal will, Hitler declared that he was marrying before death after having felt throughout his public career that the duties of his position would not permit him to assume the responsibilities of marriage.

Down to the last, Hitler blamed International Jewry and its associates for the war, his political will showed. At the same time, he wrote that his persistent proposals for armament reduction among nations and settlement of the Polish question in 1939 through plebiscite, would clear him of responsibility for starting World War II.

In reading Hermann Goering and Heinrich Himmler from the party, he accused them of treason in secretly negotiating for peace with the Allies and attempting to establish a new regime. Though he wrote of a Germany in ruins, Hitler declared that Nazism had sown the seeds of an eventual rebirth of the nation.

**GRAIN:****Export Program**

With railroad traffic still at a high level partly because of continuing military movements, the nation's carriers have been called upon to assume the added responsibility of hauling 225,000,000 bushels of grain to ports within the next six months for shipment to Europe.

If weather conditions in the north east do not result in freight tie-ups similar to last winter, the carriers expect to be able to meet the expert program, far in excess of normal. Because of shorter runs, shipments to western and southern ports should be relatively less difficult.

By shifting 1,205 cars per day from eastern and southern roads to western lines through Chicago, St. Louis and southern gateways, the carriers were able to maintain a high traffic rate through the latter part of November. Barring labor shortages or rescheduling of military movements, a renewal of the November pace would permit orderly completion of the huge export program.

**G.I. LOANS:****Made Easier**

Increases of the government guarantee on real estate loans to \$4,000 and broadening of the purposes for which money will be advanced were among the chief features of a measure liberalizing the G.I. bill of rights signed by President Truman after congressional passage.

One of about 50 measures approved by Mr. Truman in the waning days of 1945, the G.I. bill also repeals a provision of the original legislation requiring deduction of benefits received from any future bonus, and raises the subsistence allowance for unmarried vets attending school under the act from \$30 to \$65 per month and for married men from \$75 to \$90.

In addition to boosting the real estate loan guarantee up to \$4,000, the new bill permits easier lending by issuing loans upon a reasonable value of property rather than upon the more complex "normal reasonable value." Period of repayment also has been extended.

**JAPAN:****Explodes Myth**

Declaring that the ties between the throne and the people always were based upon mutual trust and affection, Emperor Hirohito asserted that they were not founded upon the false conception that the Jap ruler was divine, thus exploding the old myth carefully nurtured to draw blind obedience to his commands.

At the same time, Hirohito also shattered the Japanese notion of racial superiority and destination to rule the world, stating that a bright future layed for his country and other peoples if the ways of peace were observed in all relationships.

To proceed unwaveringly toward the elimination of all of the old abuses that retarded democratic development of Japan, Hirohito reaffirmed the principles of the Meiji charter, set up by his illustrious grandfather, Emperor Meiji, during his reign dating from 1868 and calling for a public voice in government, guarantees of justice and promotion of wisdom and knowledge for the national welfare.

**RURAL PHONES:**

A new telephone device known as the "carrier system" that offers hope for farms and rural homes that have electric service but are out of reach of telephone lines, is being tried out in Arkansas through the cooperation of the Rural Electrification administration.

In the new system, which has been worked out by REA and Bell engineers, speech is transmitted by means of a carrier wave of radio frequency, which travels on the lines along with power supply.

**Sign of the Times: Tubes Heat Hot-Dogs**

Now it's hot dogs, hamburgers or grilled cheese sandwiches heated by radio waves with electronic tubes used in a machine which is the direct outgrowth of wartime developments in radar.

An electronic racquet outfit which will serve hot dogs, hamburgers or grilled cheese sandwiches at the drop of a dime and the push of a button, the machine resembles a soft drink or cigarette machine but is slightly larger. It plugs into the regular 110-volt outlet has a decorative front door with mirror, push button selector for your choice of food, a glass window behind which is the electronic unit and coil so the customer can see his food getting the heat-by radio, and below this a compartment into which the hot dog or sandwich drops.

**Washington Digest****Try Nazis in Ruins Of Their Handiwork**

**Scene of the Historic Trial 91 Per Cent Destroyed by Bombings; Case Sets Precedent for Outlawing War.**

**By BAUKHAGE**  
*News Analyst and Commentator.*

*Back in Germany, Baukage reports the war crimes trial of 21 top Nazis with the same evidence with which he narrated their rise to power in the pre-war years when he was stationed in the reich. Below is the first of a series of articles written from Nuremberg:*

**WNU Service, 1616 Eye Street N. W., Washington, D. C.**

The growth of the Nazi plan is being set forth factually, coldly and logically. A new chapter is being written in every session of the court.

We shall now unfold before us step by step — first, in the removal of the physical ability of the German people to resist; then in the gradual substitution of Nazi concepts for the normal human concepts produced by the Christian philosophy.

One of the American attorneys quoted a comment of Dr. Schacht on the effect of the destruction of the freedom of the press. Schacht was quoted as having said, at a time before he knuckled under to Hitler, that thousands of Germans had been killed or imprisoned and not one word was allowed to be printed about it. Of what use is martyrdom, he asked, when it is so concealed from others? Therein lies one of the answers to the moral failure of German resistance.

By the time the Nazis were ready to fill their concentration camps with their foreign victims, they had learned well the art of handling the resistance of their own people and smothering it behind a wall of utter silence. As the court pointed out, the first purpose of the concentration camps, the persecution, suppression and propaganda, was "the conquest of the German masses."

Each successive step was traced by the prosecution with the same meticulous detail, detail that kept even the prisoners with their ears glued to the headphones and their eyes following the speaker or the exhibits.

**Accused Make Braue Show**

However, for us in the courtroom, more impressive than the things that were done were the men in the prisoners' dock who actually did them. Goering was no longer a name, he was a person, now leaning back and grinning, now with his arms on the edge of the rail of the dock, his chin resting on them. There was Rosenberg, whose task was to twist the minds of the people with his absurd story of a super-race, of anti-Semitism. There he sat, looking down, his fingers nervously twirling with the telephone cords.

There was Keitel, stiff, cold, proud, arrogant, all Prussian in his uniform, stripped though it was of every badge, ribbon and insignia. He maintains himself with dignity, but for moment does he forget his pose. At this writing the psychiatric analysis of the prisoners has not been completed and Keitel has not been reported upon, but I dare say his I. Q. will be high, though perhaps not equal to that of Goering, who, surprisingly enough, stands right at the top. Goering is tacitly acknowledged as leader by the others. To the observers he appeared still the silly poseur, although he seemed more reasonable appearing than the fat and grinning mannikin I saw as he preluded over the Reichstag in his comic opera uniform.

Admiral Doenitz, who looks like a pale shadow, is also at the top of the I. Q. list. He remains almost motionless, only occasionally consulting his attorney, who appears in a German naval uniform as he is on duty with a part of the fleet used in mine sweeping and was released especially for the trial.

Down at the bottom of the list so far as intelligence goes is Julius Streicher. Although of far lesser stature than the rest, this miserable character is a symbol of the fall of Nazism because he is meeting his fate in the city in which he rose to power — a fate at which he himself hinted.

Streicher conducted the fast class in Nazi indoctrination for lawyers held in this very courtroom where he had been tried by the pre-Nazi authorities for various misdemeanors and perhaps other crimes. As he concluded his last lecture, he said: "We used to sit over there. Now we are standing up here. But there may be a day when we are sitting down there again."

He IS sitting down there today. In a brand new dock, to be sure, but with the same great iron angle over the high marble frame of the doorway looking down on his cringing head.

**BARBS... by Baukage**

In the various provinces of France, grape harvesting is ritualized.

In Burgundy the grapes are collected in wicker baskets known as "vendanges." In Champagne they are piled in little wooden barrels, or "caques." Wooden barrels are used in the Bordeaux region, buckets in Provence, wicker rods in Medoc, and paillers in the Cote d'Or.

Since the inauguration on December 1, 1945, of radio-telephone communication between the Netherlands West Indies Islands of St. Maarten and Saba, the latter, which is little more than an extinct volcano cone, with its lone community, known as "the bottom," in the crater, is believed to be the world's smallest island possessing such communication facilities.

**THOUGHTS ON THE MARKET**

Scenes resembling those leading up to the 1930 stock market crash are now visible in all brokerage offices. And they are being re-enacted in technicians.

A burned child dreads the fire, but an adult will always go for second degree burns if the tips are hot enough.

There is even a more reckless mood in today's buying due to the fact this is a screwball age in which the gambling fever has never run higher. Horses, dice, gin rummy and football pools have made America risk-sappy.

Most people have more cash than they know what to do with, so they are accepting advice from strangers.

The horse players are in the market, too. We heard a fellow rush up when his stock went off a point yesterday and claim a foul.

He is the same one who boasted that he had bought Chrysler and Eastman, and thought they had a good chance in the daily double at the weights.

All some brokerage offices need is a smell of hay, a list of jockeys, an objection heard and a morning line.

In fact, it is our belief the stock market should no longer be opened with a gong. It is time to use a bugle.

Remember away back when "Never Again!" was the Voice of America so far as speculating in stocks was concerned?

**Reflections on Housing**

The housing crisis has reached a point where it is suggested that "Tenting Tonight" replace "Home, Sweet Home" as an American folk song.

A four-room fabricated house at \$2,399 is on sale at a New York department store. "What floor for residences, landscape gardening and cinder paths, please?"

The old-fashioned American may have been remiss and dumb in many ways, but he never confused a new home with a chicken house.

**BACK HOME STUFF**

Frank Bergen, ex-prince of quarter-back, is now a court magistrate back home and making quite a record for homespun philosophy. The other day, replying to a woman's complaint that the smoke from a kerosene lamp made her apartment unhealthy, Frank came out as a defender of the lamp.

"What do you mean by that?" he demanded. "I grew up in the kerosene-lamp era, and never knew it to hurt anybody. Did you trim the wick? Do you realize that it takes a lot of work to keep a kerosene lamp in good condition, but that if you do, it's fine?"

Which brings back memories of kerosene in our boyhood. There were some pretty beautiful ones. The parlor lamp was especially high, wide and fancy. And tilting the wicks was a nightly chore. Mom was forever polishing the globes. Looking back, they seem the loveliest lamps in the world. We were sent often to the corner store for kerosene, and it just comes back to us how Lulu, the grocer, used to stick a potato over the spout as a cork.

Elmer Twitchell says there hasn't been any real happiness in the world since the old-fashioned wood-beer keg went out.

A radio program which makes phone calls at random and offers cash prizes if the subscriber answers a question had this one the other day. "Under what king was Daniel tossed into the lion's den?" Elmer Twitchell lost the pot by replying, "This is a deep humiliation, but I can't even recall the name of the lion."

But does he know what means "yes" in Russian?

Asked if he didn't want to take a look at the recent total eclipse of the moon Fred Allen quipped, "No, I'll catch it next time."

New York showmen are amazed at the development into a hit show of 1945, of "The Red Mill," a musical first produced in New York thirty-nine years ago. It was put on for a limited run of eight weeks, but has developed into a sell-out. Many are the explanations offered, but we think the scene, which is almost a grade A catalog of Victor Herbert's best known songs hits, is mainly responsible. Such melodies as "In Old New York," "Everybody Is Ladies' Day With Me," and "Eccentric You're True" not only delight grandmas, but mothers, too, knew them, and even the kids and grandkids have felt their charm on the photographs and radio.

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**The Oxford County Citizen**

The Bethel News 1895

The Rumford Citizen, 1908

Published every Thursday in the interests of the inhabitants of Bethel and the other towns of northwestern Oxford County. Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1908, at the post office at Bethel, Maine. Subscription rates, paid in advance: three years, \$5.00; one year, \$2.00; six months, \$1.00; three months, 50c. Phone 100.

Carl L. Brown, Publisher

THURSDAY, JANUARY 10, 1946

**UPTON**

Mrs C. A. Judkins, Correspondent School opened this week.

The Misses Carrie Angevine and Ruth Judkins returned Monday to Gould Academy after a two week vacation.

Carl Nowlin, of Saco River, recently discharged from the service, is visiting his sister, Mrs Lyman Lane, a few days.

Mrs T. A. Durkee is home after spending nearly a month with relatives in Exeter, N.H.

Richard Williamson has gone to Bangor to visit his wife and infant son.

Kendrick Judkins left here on Jan 1st for Florida where he has employment as a room service waiter in Hotel Ormond at Ormond Beach.

Katherine Enman was in Rumford on business one day last week.

**MIDDLE INTERVALE**

Robert Lawrence is spending a few days at his home at Greenwood.

Ernest Murrasette and Stanley Carter, all of Augusta Carter's, Raymond Brook has purchased a new truck.

Mrs Augusta Carter and daughter Ann spent the day with Mrs Fannie Carter, Tuesday.

Jack Gallant of Rumford is working for Harold Bartlett.

**NOTICE**  
The Bethel National Bank, located at Bethel, in the State of Maine, is closing its affairs. All creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present claims for payment.

ELLERY C. PARK  
President  
Dated November 17, 1945.

**TAVERN**  
Society Vacuum  
AIDS TO EASY  
HOUSEKEEPING

\*\*  
Furniture Polish  
Floor Wax  
Dry Cleaner  
Window Cleaner  
Paint Cleaner  
Lustre Cloth  
Motor Oil

**D. GROVER BROOKS**

**After Inventory  
Clearance Sale**

of  
**Ladies' Coats**  
\$11.25

**CHILDREN'S WOOL  
Snow Suits**  
Lined—Maroon and Navy  
Sizes—1-2-3

were \$8.50 - NOW \$6.50  
**WOMEN'S and MISSES'**

**Wool Skirts**  
Plain Colors—Brown and Navy  
and Red  
were \$3.98 - NOW \$3.10

**MISSES'**  
**Corduroy Skirts**  
Scarlet, Navy, Brown and  
Maroon  
were \$3.25 to \$4.40  
NOW \$2.85 - \$3.75

**AT**  
**BROWN'S**  
VARIETY STORE

**NORTH WOODSTOCK**

Mrs Otto Dudley and son are staying at her parents'. Mr. and Mrs. Herman Cole's. Mrs. Dudley is doing the work for a while. Mrs. Cole is gaining slowly.

Mrs C. James Knights visited one day last week with her sister, Mrs. Frank Sweetser.

Snowwood Buck started back to work this week after being out for several weeks, sick.

Mrs Edgar Davis recently called to see Mrs. Will Dyer.

Lorell Hemingway of Norway has been spending her vacation from school with her aunt, Mrs. Arthur Whitman.

✓

**SOUTH BETHEL**

James Plagg and family have gone to Naples to live. Shirley Chase and family have moved into the house where James Plagg lived.

Verna Mason has been home sick.

Mr. and Mrs. William Doherty of Portland and Seymour Butters of Bethel called at the home of Jim Spinney Monday evening.

Peter Chapin called to see his father Monday evening.

✓

**PROBATE APPOINTMENTS**

The following subscribers hereby give notice that they have received the appointments as indicated from the Probate Court of Oxford County. All persons having demands against the estates represented by them are requested to present the name for settlement and all debts thereto are requested to make payment immediately:

Annie C. Cole, late of Gildead, deceased; Paul Head of Bethel, trustees with bond, June 18, 1946. Benjamin W. Kimball, also known as B. W. Kimball, late of Bethel, deceased; Edith K. Howe of Bethel, Administratrix without bond, Dec. 18, 1945.

Susie A. Plaisted, late of Bethel, deceased; George B. Holdson of Auburn, Maine, Executor without bond Dec. 18, 1945.

**TEXACO SERVICE  
STATION**

**WELDING**  
BATTERIES  
ANTI-FREEZE

EDWARD LOWELL, Prop.  
CHURCH STREET

**HANOVER**

Correspondent  
Mrs. W. W. Norcross

Fire destroyed the home of Raymond Williams Thursday of last week. The family is living, for the present at the home of Mrs. Williams' mother, Mrs. Merrill.

John Forbes spent a part of his vacation in Framingham, Mass.

Hornbeck Morse returned to Old Orchard Beach where he is teaching, after spending the holidays at his home here.

Two of the cabiners at the Sunflower Farm have been moved to Rumford.

Stanwood Pingree has moved to Rumford Point.

G. C. Barker was in Rumford on business, recently.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Ellington, at the Rumford Hospital, January 7.

The auditing committee of Pythian Sisters consisting of Helen Parker, Daley Warren and Mabel Worcester met at the home of Mabel Worcester Monday evening.

The installation of the officers of the Pythian Sisters is being held Friday of this week.

Several attended the Men's Club meeting at Rumford Point, Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Roy Stearns and family were in Andover Sunday.

Mrs. Blanche Worcester is illarian for January.

Books recently purchased by the

✓

**CLOSING OUT**

**MISSES' JACKETS**  
Were \$5.50 Now \$2.98

**LADIES' SKIRTS**  
Were \$2.98 Now 98c

**LADIES' BLOUSES**  
Were \$1-\$1.25 Now 75c

**Edward P. Lyon**  
"The Store of Many Gifts"

✓

Trustees of the Library:

Henrywood, Anne Miller Downes

January Thaw, Bellamy Partridge

The Nurse at Whittle,

Lucy Agnes Hancock

Silver Moon Cottage, Sara Ware Bassett

Homecoming, Alice Ross Colver

Welcome Home, Johnny, Margaretta Brucker

Half Moon Bay, Vida Hurst

Miss Warren's Son, Elizabeth Jordan

Pleasant Valley, Louis Bromfield

Broad Margin, A. R. Voyer-Giddings

Give Me the Stars, Gladys Tabor

A Lion Is In the Streets, Adrienne Langley

Storm Tide, Elisabeth Ogilvie

Orchard Hill, Elisabeth Selfert

✓

Merle of Locke Mills were visitors at Wilmer Bryant's, December 30.

Mrs Ray Hanscom was home over the week end.

Merle Lang of Locke Mills was a caller at Bryant's Sunday.

We are having some very warm

weather just now, 20 above zero each morning.

a good attendance. Another one is planned for Friday night January 25.

Mrs Ray Hanscom was home over the week end.

Richard Blake who lost his home by fire last week is remodeling his garage (which was saved) into a house.

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✓

Richard Blake

Duplicate

## GREENWOOD CITY

School opened on Monday after a two weeks vacation. Some were absent because of bad colds. Pupils and teacher will greatly appreciate the hot lunches, which will start this week. Each family furnishes the dinner once every two weeks. This was tried last year and found very satisfactory. A hot dinner every day is most helpful during the cold months.

Erwin and Ardell Hayes still drive to and from West Paris High School each day. Betty Tammlander of Richardson Hollow rides with them. She is staying at Mrs George Cole's. Owen and Ruth Morgan, also students there are boarding down.

Helen Tammlander of Norway was at her home here for the week end. Mrs Ruth Hastings of East Bethel visited her mother, Mrs George Cole, on Sunday.

Bonnie and Barbara Cyr of West Paris have been visiting a few days with their grandmother, Mrs Tolvo Tammlander.

Alavi Nickanen, who has been in the Pacific area for the past three years was a caller at Olva Hakala's on Friday.

Mr and Mrs Leonas Holt and son, spent Sunday with relatives at West Paris.

Hilda Kolstanen of West Paris was a recent caller at her daughter's, Mrs Olva Hakala's.

## EAST BETHEL

Mrs. Rodney Howe, Correspondent Alder River Grange held a regular meeting Friday evening. The third and fourth degrees were conferred on the waiting candidates.

The officers for 1946 were installed by Past Master O B Farwell.

Master—Leland Noyes  
Overseer—Richard Carter  
Lecturer—Marilyn Noyes  
Steward—Lewis Curtis  
Assist. Steward—Stephen Abbott  
Chaplain—Louise Coolidge  
Treasurer—John Irvine  
Secretary—Marguerite Bartlett  
Ceres—Florence Hastings  
Pomona—Carolyn Noyes  
Flora—Gail Curtis

## BUSINESS CARDS

### E. L. GREENLEAF OPTOMETRIST

will be at his rooms over  
Rowe's Store

SATURDAY, FEB. 2

## HALL'S BARBER SHOP

MAIN STREET

GERRY BROOKS  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Broad Street  
BETHEL, MAINE  
Telephone 74

JOHN F. IRVINE  
Cemetery Memorials  
Granite . Marble . Bronze  
LETTERING—CLEANING  
PHONE BETHEL 23-51

GERARD S. WILLIAMS  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Closed Until Further Notice  
Address Mail to Box 88, Bethel

ELMER E. BENNETT  
AGENT  
New York Life Insurance Co.  
Bethel, Maine  
Telephone 110

S.S. Greenleaf  
Funeral Home  
Western Ambulance Equipment  
TELEPHONE 112 BETHEL ME  
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE

## ROBERTS RADIO SERVICE

GORDON ROBERTS  
Locke Mills, Maine

DR. RALPH O. HOOD  
Osteopathic Physician  
at the home of  
P. O. Brinck, Main Street  
Mondays 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.  
Evening by appointment

MONUMENTS  
JAMES P. MURPHY CO.  
INC.  
Lewiston Monumental Works  
"Over 80 Years of Experience"  
Write For Catalogue  
8-10 Bates St. Lewiston, Me.

Lady Assistant Steward, Mabel house insulated. Urban Bartlett is put the water up over the ice on his house insulated.

Mr and Mrs Clifton Bean were guests Sunday at Urban Bartlett's.

## SONGO POND

Pfc Leroy Buck Jr has returned from overseas and is staying at his sister's, Mrs Stella Thompson's at Norway, he visited his father, Leroy Buck Sr, Sunday. He will get his discharge very soon.

Jennie Brown and daughters were at her brother's Floyd Kimball's Saturday evening.

Master Kenneth Newell has been visiting his mother, Mrs Marion Kimball but has returned to his grandparents home in South Paris where he makes his home.

The recent warm weather has

to have his house insulated.

Songo Pond so as to delay cutting

George Logan is putting in ice,

so he can deliver some next sun-

mer to customers.

Mrs Maud Grindle and Evelyn

returned home Saturday having

spent the last two weeks at Irving

Green's at North Waterford.

Leon Millett and mother, Mrs Ed-

ward P Fuller were in Bethel Tues-

day on business.

Mrs Annie Bumpus, Correspondent

Edwin Bumpus has returned

home after spending his vacation

working for Hugh Stearns.

Mr and Mrs Lloyd Keniston and

Johns Manville

Insulation Board

and

Ceiling Panels

Charles E. Merrill

BETHEL LUMBER MARKET

## Kodak Film

V127 V120 V116

V620 V616

Bosserman's Drug Store

## Electrical Wiring Repairing

THE REYNOLDS  
JEWELRY STORE

# A "Look at the Books"

OR

# "A Finger in the Pie"?

Which is the UAW-CIO really after? Is it seeking facts—or new economic power? Does it want to know things—or run things?

These questions concern you as well as General Motors.

For years the facts about General Motors have been made public.

In spite of this, the UAW-CIO demands a chance to look at our books, with the hint that we could meet Union demands "if the truth were really known."

We have firmly declined to recognize this as a basis for bargaining:

### 1. The Full Facts are Published

How much General Motors takes in each year—how much it pays employees—how much it pays to stockholders—how much it pays in taxes—how much net profit we make—and many other facts are plainly stated in annual reports and quarterly reports.

These are broadcast to 425,000 stockholders from coast to coast—sent to newspapers and libraries. Additional copies are free for the asking.

### 2. All Figures are Thoroughly Checked

Every General Motors annual statement is audited by outside auditors. Similar figures are filed with the Securities & Exchange Commission.

Does the UAW-CIO honestly believe that General Motors would or could deceive these experts?

### 3. Basis of Collective Bargaining is Defined

The Wagner Act lays down the rules for collective bargaining. These cover such areas as rates of pay, hours of work, working conditions.

No mention is made of earnings, prices, sales volume, taxes and the like. These are recognized as the problems of management.

### 4. Something New has been Added

The obvious fact is that the UAW-CIO has gone beyond its rights under the law—and is reaching not for information but for new power—not for a look at past figures, but for the power to sit in on forecasting and planning the future.

A "look at the books" is a clever catch phrase intended as an opening wedge whereby Unions hope to pry their way into the whole field of management.

It leads surely to the day when Union bosses, under threat of strike, will demand the right to tell what we can make, where we can make it, where we can make it, and how much we must charge you—all with an eye on what labor can take out of the business, rather than on the value that goes into the product.

### 5. This Threatens All Business

If the Union can do this in the case of General Motors, they do it to every business in this land of ours.

Is this just imagination? Union spokesmen have said, "The Union has stated time after time that this issue is far more than just an ordinary wage argument; that it is larger than the Corporation and bigger than the Union."

For Labor Unions to use the monopolistic power of their membership to extend the scope of wage negotiations to more than wages, hours and working conditions is the first step toward handing the management of business over to the Union bosses.

We therefore reject the idea of a "look at the books" not because we have anything to hide but because the idea itself hides a threat to us, to all business, and to you, the public.

# GENERAL MOTORS

"MORE AND BETTER THINGS FOR MORE PEOPLE"

Another one is  
night January  
who lost his home  
remodeling his  
sawed) into a

Time, Prompt  
GUARANTEED  
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ELRY STORE  
Street, Bethel

TORE  
NE 114  
AN. 11-12

Reg. 33c  
Drip 33c  
15c  
NS 20c  
; 2 for 29c  
7c  
22c  
5 lb. \$1.19

3 for 25c  
Sale Friday  
this Week  
S: Peas, Lima  
beans, Peaches,  
— also  
DOZEN  
lb. pkg. 15c

ETABLES

DUP

## Kathleen Norris Says:

### The Hit-and-Run Marriage

Released by Western Newspaper Union.



"Any two young persons could work their way to successful marriage, if the husband had been taught the solemn responsibilities of matrimony, and the wife were a well-trained young creature, who takes her marital vows seriously."

By KATHLEEN NORRIS

"WAR conditions have certainly put marriage into the hit-and-run category," says Judge Robert Williams Jr. of Suffolk, Mass.

"Frequently now," he adds, "we have cases in which it is admitted that the couple saw each other only once, twice or three times before they were married."

"Often there is no such thing as 'I want you to meet the folks.' The first time the parents see them is when they are brought home as in-laws."

Court authorities follow this up with the statement that marrying in a mere speaking acquaintance was the cause of the frightful jump in divorce statistics, nearly 2,500 last year as against 1,500 in 1940.

Twenty or thirty hundred hopeful young hearts — no, take that many, for boys' hearts can break too — are wrecked and shattered and disappointed. It is a fearful toll of unhappiness. It is something to make old folk think.

Where are we failing our children, that they can leap into the most serious relationship humans can know, so ignorantly, so lightly, and often so fatally? For fortunate second marriages don't often follow on mistaken first ones. Sometimes the scars of the original failure last a lifetime. And if a child, or children, result from these hit-or-miss matches, they start life on most unfortunate terms.

#### Blamed on War.

"Well," say the mothers and fathers ruefully, "this is one of the tragedies of war. The youngsters are demoralized and excited. Young men have been torn away from home and college, are to be sent to far and distant countries, perhaps never to return. Girls are prematurely matured by the stimulants of chance, movement, emotional crisis, dramatic situations."

With so many changes surrounding the future, girls and boys plunged ahead absolutely without thought. "Maybe he won't come back for years. Maybe he won't come back at all. Maybe he'll live in a long time. Maybe he'll live in a foreign country after the war." Maybe this and maybe that, but often the other probability, the sensational truth.

Not often "maybe he'll come back with a job." Maisie we won't kiss each other when we've seen each other more often. Maybe he'll look very different to me, out of his uniform. Maybe he won't immediately get a good job after the war, and we'll face the necessity of living on the family. Maybe he ought to meet my mother and father first. Maybe he's tied up with some girl in his own state—or with half a dozen girls in half a dozen states. Maybe I'll fall much more deeply with some other man, while he's away. Maybe I'll have a baby immediately, and have to give up a good job and start taking care of the baby."

All these possibilities have come true, for hundred and hundreds of



"H-h-h" hearts can break too ...

## JOYS AND SORROWS OF MATRIMONY

### As was anticipated, hastily contracted marriages entered into under the stress and excitement of war, are breaking up at a frightening rate. Miss Norris points out that it is partly the responsibility of parents, who have failed to impress upon their children the seriousness of matrimony, and the necessity for various adjustments by both partners.

The misery and heart-break of these divorces can hardly be calculated, Miss Norris says. Young lives are often permanently wrecked, because those who have once failed to find happiness in the married state the first time are frequently unable to make a success of a second marriage. The early scars remain, and doubt and distrust arise easily.

Our parents and grandparents understood the problem of marriage better, in many ways, than we do. They entered it determined to make a go of it, come what would.

rash young couples. In New York a few months ago a girl asked her chum to go with her to meet her husband, who was invalided home. She had seen him about a dozen times in all, and was afraid she wouldn't know him.

These quick marriages are dangerous enough, but the real dangers lies in the quick divorces. If our boys had been somewhat schooled in the solemn responsibilities of husbandhood, if they had been taught gentleness, patience, courage, faith in themselves, that they hardly knew these girlwives of theirs, it would not be so serious a matter.

**Making It a Success.** Girls went into even this higgledy-piggledy sort of marriage prepared, under all the surface excitement and hysteria and passion, that any marriage may be made a success, if the wife determines that it shall be. Any two persons, granted the first physical attraction that has led them into matrimony as a start, can work their way to a successful marriage. If the husband were possessed of the aforementioned qualities of character and the wife were a sweet, inexacting, sensible, well-trained young creature who meant the great promise she made when she said "I do."

The glory of golden wedding days has shown so many a man and woman who hardly knew each other when their hands were united. My own grandmother, at 17, was summoned to the library to meet the man to whom she was to be married on the same day. Of clean strong Irish stock on both sides, neither the principals nor the devoted parents had any misgivings as to the outcome.

If we trained our children more carefully for the great duties of the marriage state, it would not matter so much who they married, and there would be many fewer divorces among them.

#### MADE-OVER CLOTHING

Making over garments for smaller children is more than merely cutting them down to size. Colors, pattern and weight of fabric all need to be considered in such cases. Fabrics adults wear, may be too heavy for a small child. If the material is not light enough in weight to be comfortable, use it for some other purpose. Avoid stripes, plaids and prints that are too big for the child.

When planning a make-over, consider the youngster. Most times it's just the little things that make clothes acceptable to children.

Made-over clothing

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Making over garments for smaller children is more than merely cutting them down to size. Colors, pattern and weight of fabric all need to be considered in such cases. Fabrics adults wear, may be too heavy for a small child. If the material is not light enough in weight to be comfortable, use it for some other purpose. Avoid stripes, plaids and prints that are too big for the child.

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Duplicate

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## How People Stand on Military Training: Editors Report on Their Communities

By AL JEDLICKA  
WNU News Analyst.

FIFTY-SEVEN per cent of country newspaper editors in a nationwide survey by Western Newspaper Union favor compulsory peacetime military training, with 57.7 per cent of these approving of President Truman's proposal for one year of service for 18- to 20-year-old male youths; thirty-seven per cent opposed compulsory training and 6 per cent remained undecided.

In the editors' report on prevailing sentiment for compulsory training in their communities, however, 58 per cent of the people stood against it, with 42.8 per cent approving and 12.4 per cent evenly divided.

With every section of the country heard from, southern editors showed the greatest support for compulsory training, with 66.6 per cent for it, following were the North with 59.7 per cent; the East with 57.6 per cent and the West with 50 per cent. Southern editors approving compulsory training also showed the strongest preference for Mr. Truman's service program, 77.7 per cent being for it, while 58 per cent in the West favored it, 56.7 per cent in the North and 40 per cent in the South.

With 55 per cent of the people reporting backing compulsory training, southern communities also were far in front for the proposal, with the West following with 41.9 per cent and then the North with 40.9 per cent, and the East with 37 per cent. Timely in view of pending congressional action on the President's proposal, the WNU poll served to reflect grassroots sentiment on all important proposals. It seemed to justify congressional caution arising from strong, popular support to compulsory training, while also reflecting advanced acceptance by professional thinking.

Because editors were asked to gauge public opinion in their communities instead of actually polling them, some discrepancy might exist in their judgment of the sentiments prevailing in their localities. Since the country newspaper editor, of all persons, perhaps is the closest to the people about him, on the other hand, his observations may be considered fairly accurate.

Cooking, Real Savings, though the editors appeared out of step, rural community sentiment should make sure both in line with the recent positions of the three great farm organizations, and good. It needs no postwar service. The Farm Bureau is favoring a broad program of physical fitness in schools and grant colleges; the Grange preparing similar preparation and army training to induce volunteers, while the Farmers Union advocating a form of combined civilian training modeled after the National Guard administration.

"We have been fortunate in the last two wars to have time to train an army, but when the next one comes, time will not be allowed for training an army. Really, the only way to stop war is to do as two senators have been brave enough to suggest, and that is to form an independent state of the world . . ."

Declarer that we won the war because of our superior productive capacity and technical skill, Clarence V. Smazel of the Press of St. Louis, Mich., advocated a five-point program instead of postwar service: "What we really need to do," he said, "is build one department of national defense under a civilian board of experts in fields useful to war; eliminate the war colleges of West Point and Annapolis with their class distinctions, privileges and traditionalism; make our economy function in peace so that we can always have a margin of productivity over anyone else . . . for war; establish secret nests of atomic bombs so that if anybody tried to eliminate our power by suddenly attacking our productive centers we would be able to hit back fast with more and better . . . and have men who know most and have best in charge, at any level, of every military activity."

Supporting both military continuation and President Truman's plan with some modification was C. Rodgers of the *Lumberman* of Lockwood, Mo., who:

The people of this community do favor such legislation. They're many of their boys back home want to keep them. The war over and they do not want to antagonize another one.

In my own personal opinion, the United States should adopt compulsory peacetime training. We served the army and now inadequately find men thrown into combat, that isn't good. We believe it pretty well agreed that another is inevitable and we can't slave off by not training our men to be ready; in fact, that will only make it sooner.

I'd say that six months would be enough for the 18- to 20-year-olds to stand in training, for the basics. I believe all the trainees will receive most cases anyway. In cases extreme hardships . . . boys could be excused."

Agreeing with both proposals, Paul Melgar, publisher of the *Journal of Eldon*, Iowa, commented: "It is my opinion that the military aid should be made attractive enough . . . to draw on the right kind of men seeking a career. In this way a sufficient armed force trained intelligent men could be obtained at all times . . . and a large reserve could be retained by giving benefits for men in that class."

I personally oppose compulsory

Bryant B. Voris of the Republican of Waterloo, Ill., said:

"Certainly there can be no harm in mandatory training in America. The brass hats, of course, must be kept under control and must not possess the attitude 'the king can do no wrong . . .'

"I do not believe that compulsory training was the cause of war in other countries where it was in effect. It was more the propaganda of 'Gott mit uns' and 'Deutschland über alles' . . . which will not accompany our military training if it is American training."

"If we do have war, I would rather know our son had year's training to back him up rather than the hurried training some of our boys had in this war without being ripe for it . . ."

Favoring a modified form of post-war service, Dan W. Johnson of The Times of Ivanhoe, Minn., declared:

"The United States needs some

pared cost us many extra lives . . . It is not going to hurt any healthy boy to learn the manual of arms . . ."

Backing compulsory training, Carl Portman of the Record-Register of Coalgate, Okla., declared:

"We would leave to the army, navy and air corps officials the type and extent of military training. But we would emphasize the importance of physical culture and discipline in any training program which America might adopt, with particular stress on the building of strong bodies and clean minds for our young men."

Basing most of his opposition to compulsory service on moral grounds, O. D. Parks of The Graphic of Nashville, N. C., said:

"I do not think boys 18 to 20 years of age should be thrown into the environment of peacetime army life, especially with the liquor and beer situation what it is."

"It is my opinion that a man cannot learn the fundamentals of modern warfare in less than one year.

for poor physical condition, it would seem to indicate that the necessity is for a better standard of national health, which goes back to childhood and infancy . . ."

"Would approve a regular standing army of greater size and a powerful navy by making voluntary enlistments as attractive as possible."

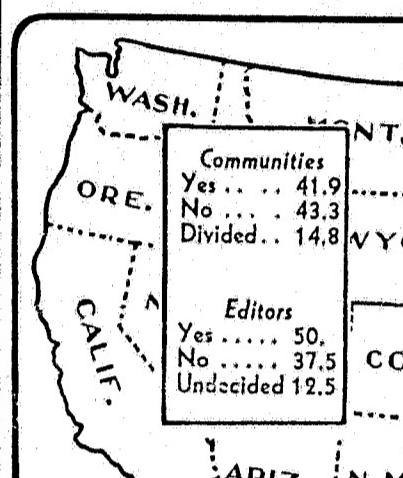
"Compulsory training would subject too many young men to bureaucratic rule and tend to develop a military dictatorship . . ."

### West

In supporting both compulsory military training and President Truman's plan, D. W. Robertson of the Searchlight of Culbertson, Mont., said:

"It is my opinion that a man cannot learn the fundamentals of modern warfare in less than one year.

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## Classified Advertising

Twenty-five words or less, one week, 25 cents; second week, 15 cents; each additional week, 10 cents.

Each word more than 25, one cent per word the first week and one-half cent per word each succeeding week.

### FOR SALE

**FOR SALE**—A Dressing Room, Also Veal Calf; Have few new laid Eggs; Head Cheese, Grandmother Style; Would like to sell 20 lbs. of Pork for salting. Want to buy small Deer, 300 lbs. No telephone, a postal card will reach me. FRANK BOYKELL, Bethel.

**FOR SALE**—Modern 15 Room house, steam heat, large screened porch in porch cement basement, large garage, good repair. Also two house lots. P. O. BOX 613, Bethel, Maine.

Baked Beans and Brown Bread to take out. Order Fridays. BETHEL RESTAURANT.

**ALL WOOL YARN FOR SALE** from manufacturer. Samples and knitting directions free. H. A. BARTLETT, Harmony, Maine.

For Sale — 1 Pair Men's slightly used overshorts, size 42; 75 second hand claphards, 1 bunch wringer. H. E. LITTLEFIELD.

### MISCELLANEOUS

**LONELY?**—Do you want a wife, husband or sweetheart? All ages write JOHN ORZELIK, 1120 South Kenwood Ave., Baltimore 24, Md.

**WANTED**—Dear Skins, Raw Fur. Firearms bought, sold and exchanged. Ammunition and Trap parts supplies. H. T. BEAN, Spring St., Bethel, Maine.

Leave Shoes at Chamberlin's Store for repair and clothes to clean Wednesday and Saturday. EXCISE CLEARING AND DYEING, INC., Auburn, Maine.

LEAVE SHOES AT EARL DAIBER for repair. RICHIER'S SHOE SHOP, Gorham, N. H. 401

### Namesake



J. J. Fox, left, nationally famous furrier, meets Sam (Sam) Fox, star of the New York Giants professional football team, who was nicknamed "H. J." by sports writers. The former Ohio State football ace was just discharged from the Navy after serving in the South Pacific for four years. He is shown here handing a ticket to his (nick) namesake to watch him play.

## CHURCH ACTIVITIES

### CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

John J. Foster, Minister  
9:45 Church School. Mrs. Loton Hutchinson, superintendent.  
11:00 Kindergarten Class in Garland Chapel.

11:00 Service of Morning Worship, Mormon Topic, "The Good News."

The Pilgrim Fellowship will meet on Sunday evening in Garland Chapel at 6:30 P.M.

The Ladies Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Isaac W. Dyer 2nd on Thursday, January 17th at 3 o'clock. A program of dramatics and music is planned. The program committee: Miss Gwendolyn Stearns and Mrs. Lawrence Lord.

The second book review in the current series will be given by Mr. Foster on Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock in Garland Chapel. The book: "The Egg and I" by Betty MacDonald.

**METHODIST CHURCH**  
William Pennor, Pastor  
9:45 Church School. Miss Minnie Wilson, superintendent.

11:00 Morning Worship Service, Mormon theme: Mountain Top Experiences."

7:00 Special Song Service. The Youth Fellowship is sponsoring this service to which all members and friends of the church are invited. Come, let us sing.

**CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SOCIETY**  
Sunday services at 10:45 A.M. All are cordially invited to attend. "Sacrament" is the subject of the Lesson-sermon that will be read in all Churches of Christ, Scientist, on Sunday, January 12.

The Golden Text is: "What shall render the Lord for all his benefits towards me? I will take the cup of salvation, and call upon the name of the Lord" (Psalm 116:12-14.)

**BORN**  
In Rumford, Jan. 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Rodney Howe, East Bethel, a son.

In Rumford, Jan. 7, to Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Ellingswood of Hanover, a son.

### SCHOOL SAVINGS

Week of January 7, 1946

Grade	Sav. Bank	Total	P C
I	\$10.00	\$15.15	80
II	2.00	3.20	76
III	1.00	3.25	61
IV	12.00	13.65	62
V	\$25.00	\$29.15	
VI	13.00	\$4.55	62
VI	1.00	5.10	47
VII	18.00	16.60	56
VIII	8.00	9.20	55
	\$19.00	\$35.15	

First and Seventh grades have the banners.

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